Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Original) Apparatus for separating CO_2 from a gas stream containing CO_2 and an anaesthetic gas, the apparatus comprising a gas separation device and means for transporting the gas stream at a periodically varying flow rate through the gas separation device, the device comprising a supported carrier liquid membrane in which the carrier species is an organic base present at a concentration sufficient to provide a separation factor α (CO_2 , a),

where
$$\alpha$$
 (CO₂, a) = $\frac{R_{CO2}}{p_{CO2}}$. $\frac{p_a}{R_a}$

wherein R represents permeation rate, p partial pressure of a gas in the feed gas stream and a an anaesthetic gas, greater than unity.

- 2. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the carrier species concentration is such as to provide an α value of at least 15.
- 3. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in claim 2, wherein the α value is at least 60.
- 4. (Currently amended) Apparatus as claimed in any preceding claim $\underline{1}$, wherein the device comprises a supported carrier liquid membrane in which the carrier is present in a concentration of at least 4.5 mol.dm⁻³.

- 5. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein the carrier is present in a concentration within the range of from 4.5 to 6 mol.dm^{-3} .
- 6. (Currently amended) Apparatus as claimed in any preceding claim 1, wherein the base is selected from the group consisting of diethanolamine, ethanolamine and ethylenediamine.
- 7. (Cancel)
- 8. (Cancel)
- 9. (Cancel)
- 10. (Currently amended) Apparatus as claimed in any preceding claim 1, wherein the membrane support is a porous polymer.
- 11. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in claim 10, wherein the polymer is a polysulphone or polyacrylonitrile.
- 12. (Currently amended) Apparatus as claimed in any preceding claim 1, wherein the membrane is a hollow fibre membrane.
- 13. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in claim 12, wherein the membrane is in the form of a fibre bundle.
- 14. (Currently amended) Apparatus as claimed in $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$, which also comprises means for generating a sweep gas stream.

- 15. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in claim 14, which comprises means for humidifying the sweep gas stream.
- 16. (Original) A device for separating gases which comprises a supported carrier liquid membrane in which the carrier is an organic base present in a concentration of at least 4.5 mol.dm⁻³.
- 17. (Original) A device as claimed in claim 16, wherein the carrier is present in a concentration within the range of from 4.5 to 6 mol.dm^{-3} .
- 18. (Currently amended) A device as claimed in claim 16 or elaim 17, wherein the base is selected from the group consisting of diethanolamine, ethanolamine and ethylenediamine.
- 19. (Cancel)
- 20. (Cancel)
- 21. (Cancel)
- 22. (Original) A device as claimed in claim 21, wherein the polymer is a polysulphone or polyacrylonitrile.
- 23. (Currently amended) A device as claimed in any one of claims 16 to 22 claim 16, wherein the membrane support is in the form of a hollow fibre.

24. (Original) A device as claimed in claim 23, wherein the membrane support is in the form of a fibre bundle.

- 25. (Currently amended) A device as claimed in any one of claims 16 to 22 claim 16, wherein the membrane support is in sheet form.
- 26. (Currently amended) A device <u>as claimed in claim 16, in</u>
 which the gases to be separated are for separating carbon
 dioxide from a gas stream containing carbon dioxide and an
 anaesthetic gas, which device comprises a supported carrier
 liquid membrane assembly in which the carrier is an organic base
 present in a concentration of at least 4.5 mol.dm⁻³.
- 27. (Cancel)
- 28. (Cancel)
- 29. (Cancel)
- 30. (Cancel)
- 31. (Cancel)
- 32. (Cancel)
- 33. (Cancel)
- 34. (Cancel)

- 35. (Currently amended) Apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 13 claim 1, which also comprises a second supported carrier liquid membrane comprising the carrier species, means for transporting a sweep gas past the second membrane, a mass of carrier liquid contacting both membranes, and means for circulating carrier liquid past the membranes.
- 36. (New) A method of separating CO_2 from a gas stream containing CO_2 and an anaesthetic gas, which comprises transporting the gas stream at a periodically varying flow rate through a gas separation device, said device comprising a supported carrier liquid membrane in which the carrier species is an organic base present at a concentration sufficient to provide a separation factor α (CO_2 , a),

where
$$\alpha (CO_2, a) = \frac{R_{CO2}}{p_{CO2}} \cdot \frac{p_a}{R_a}$$

wherein R represents permeation rate, p partial pressure of a gas in the feed gas stream and a an anaesthetic gas, greater than unity.

- 37. (New) A method for separating gases in a gas stream, which comprises contacting the gas stream with a supported carrier liquid membrane in which the carrier is an organic base present in a concentration of at least 4.5 mol.dm⁻³.
- 38. (New) A method as claimed in claim 37, in which the gas stream comprises carbon dioxide and an anaesthetic gas.

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39. (New) A method as claimed in claim 37, in which the gas stream is transported at a periodically varying flow rate over the supported carrier liquid membrane.

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